246 I. CORINTHIANS. XVI.   
   
 AUTHORIZED VERSION REVISED. AUTHORIZED VERSION.   
 ° For a great door and   
 at Ephesus until Pentecost. 9 For effectual is opened unto   
 - a great and effectual " door is opened me, and there are many   
 unto me, and ‘there are many ad- adversaries. 19 Now if   
 . versaries. 10 But \*if Timothy come, Timotheus come, see that   
 see that he be with you without he may be with you with-   
 ; fear: for he !worketh the work of out fear: for he worketh   
 the Lord, even as I. 2™ Let no the work of the Lord, as I   
 man therefore despise him: but set also do. ™ Let no man   
 him forward "in peace, that he may therefore despise him: but   
 come unto me: for I look for him conduct him forth in peace,   
 with the brethren. 12 But as touch- that he may come unto me:   
 ing our brother ° Apollos, I much |for I look for him with the.   
 besought him to come unto you with brethren. 2 As touching   
 the brethren; and it was not at all our brother Apollos, I   
 his will to come now; but he will greatly desired him to come   
 come when he shall have convenient unto you with the brethren:   
 but his will was not at all   
 to come at this time; but   
 he will come when he   
 shall have convenient time.   
 xxiv. ti 13 " i 13 Watch ye, stand fast in   
 pMatt.zxiv. time. P Watch ye, ‘stand fast in   
 1 Thess. 1 Pet.v.3, qeh.xy.1. Phil.i. iv.1. 1 Thess. 8, 2 fi.   
 door, see reff.: opportunity of action, 58, note. 11, in peace] without strife   
 great refers to the extent of the and eontention. for I look for him]   
 action thus opened before him: effectual “ He says this,” observes Chrysostom, “as a   
 to its : neither of caution to them, in order knowing that   
 «<great” may be referred to a door) pro- whatever treatment Timothy should receive   
 perly agreeing with the figure, but both at their hands would be reported to the   
 with the reality. many adversaries] Apostle, they might be more courteous to   
 See Acts xix. 9, 23 ff. him :” “and at the same time,” adds Theo-   
 10, 11.] Recommendation of Timothy to phylact, “making Timothy more the object   
 their good reception and offices.—He had of their respect, when they heard how   
 preceded Paul (Acts xix. 22) in journey important he was to the Apostle, so he   
 to Macedonia, From the expression if expected him.” By with the brethren   
 Timothy come, it would appear to have it would appear, comparing ver. 12, that   
 been probable, but not quite certain, that more brethren besides Erastus (Acts xix.   
 he would visit them. In ch. iv. 17 he is 22) aceompanicd Timotheus to Macedonia.   
 described as sent on for that purpose: so 12.] Of Apollos : that he was not   
 that the if may merely refer to the ne- at present to go to them. He excuses   
 cessary uncertainties of the journey. Apollos from coming that the Corinthians   
 10. without fear] There must have been might not imagine that the hindrance had   
 some special reason for this caution re- arisen from him, the Apostle. Meyer re-   
 specting Timothy besides that assigned by marks, perhaps the Corinthians had ex-   
 Meyer, &c., that he would naturally be de- pressly desired that Apollos should be sent.   
 preciated as only a subordinate of Paul, tothem. with the brethren] perhaps,   
 whom so many of them opposed. His those who went with Timotheus (see above):   
 youth occurs to us, 1 Tim. iv. 12: perhaps those who were to bear this   
 but even that is not enough, and would ver. 17. and] not ‘dué:’ it merely   
 hardly be intended here without some refer- couples the exhortation with its result.   
 ence to it. De Wette’s conjecture may convenient time] The present time   
 not be without foundation, that he was not seeming to him a suitable one: appa-   
 perhaps of a timid disposition. Meyer ob- rently on account of the divisions at   
 jects that we have no historical trace of in the beginning of the Epistle.   
 this: but I think some are to be found in 13.] “To shew them that not on their   
 1 Tim. :—e. g. iii. (see note) ; 22, 23. teachers but on themselves depended their   
 the work of the Lord] Sce ch. xv. hopes of salvation, he says, for that